

Information Systems

The Internet | Blockchain | Artificial Intelligence

Review: *What is a system?*

- More than the sum of its parts
- Interconnected set of elements organized in a way that achieves something
- Elements
- Interconnections
- Control/Feedback
- Function/Purpose

What is an information system?

- An integrated set of components for collecting, storing, and processing data and for providing information, knowledge, and digital products.
- All types of organizations rely on information systems to carry out and manage their operations, interact with their customers and suppliers, process financial accounts, manage their human resources, and to reach their potential customers with online promotions.
- Many large companies are built entirely around information systems.
Can you think of any?



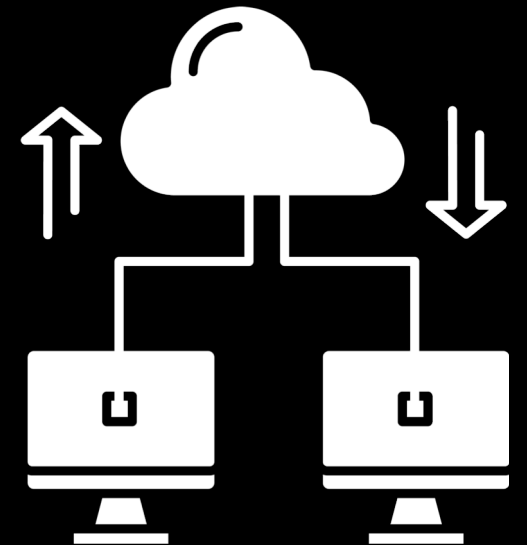
The Internet

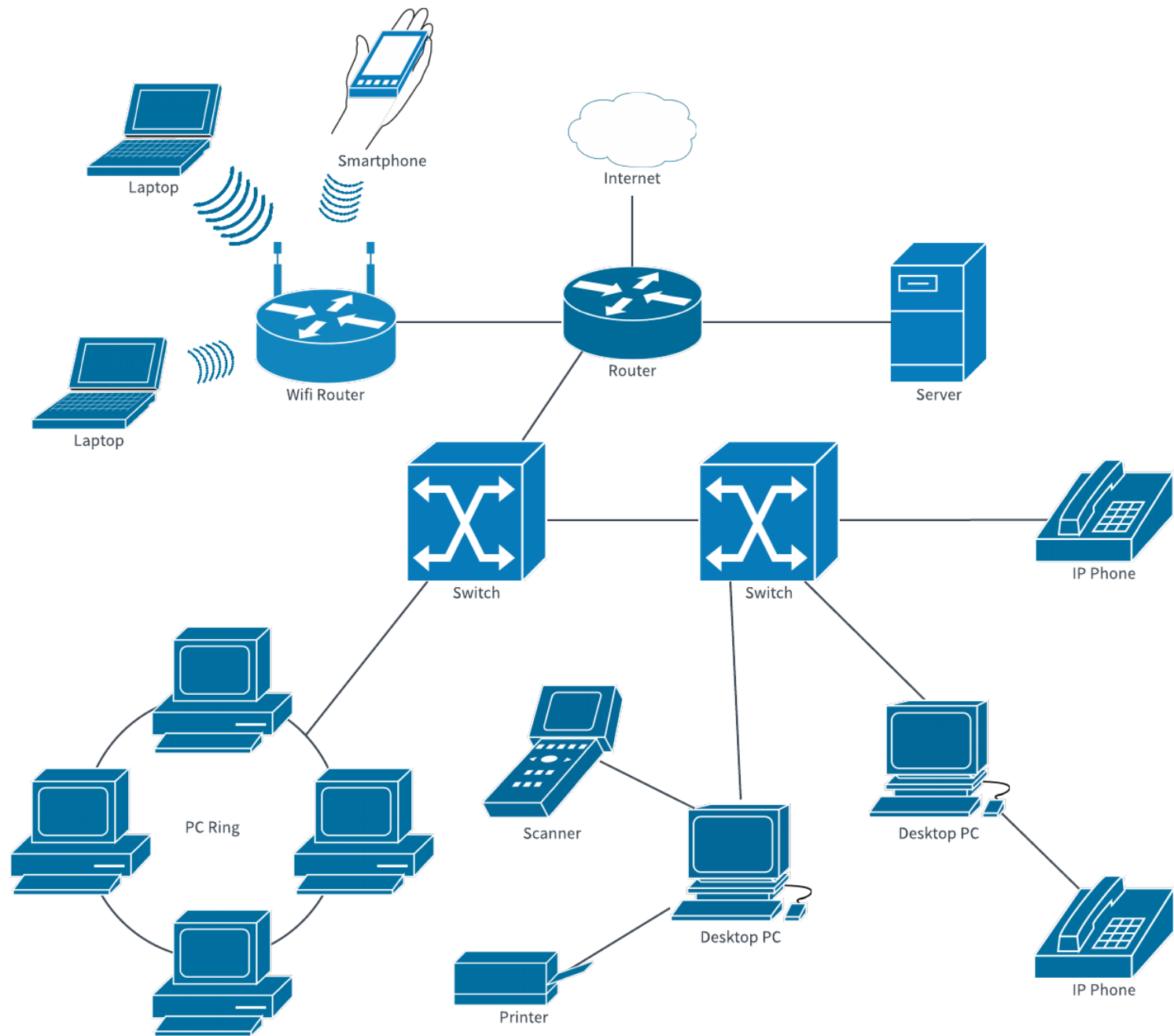
A global wide area network that connects computer systems across the world.

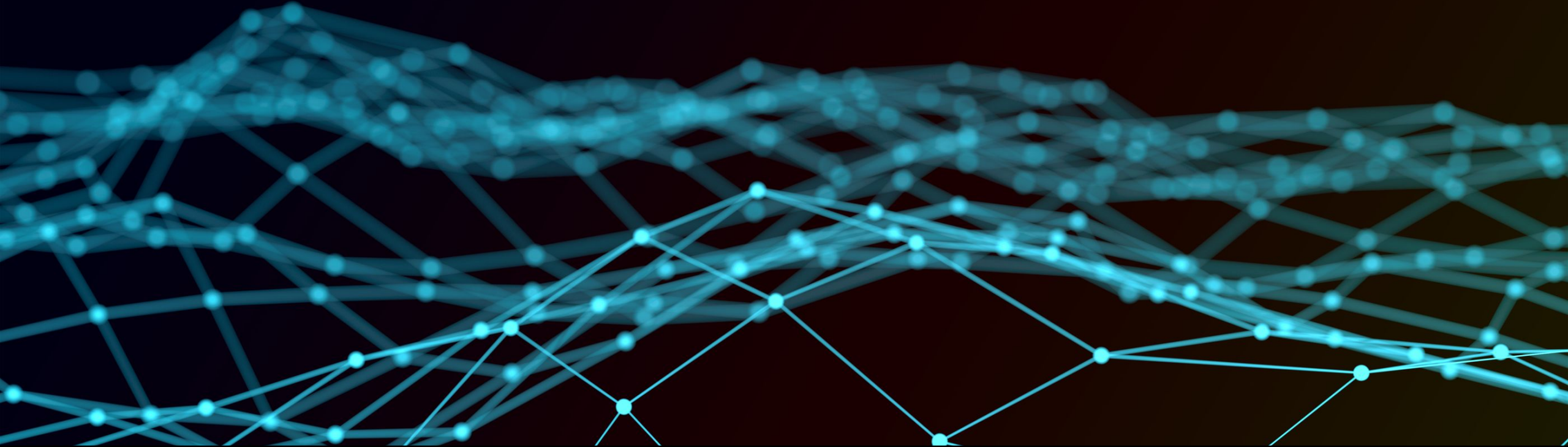
History of The Internet

- 1970s – ARPANET (Advanced Research Projects Agency Network)
- 1990s – World Wide Web
- 1991 – ERWISE (First web browser)
- 1994 – Netscape Navigator (90% of web usage)

- First thing purchased on the internet?





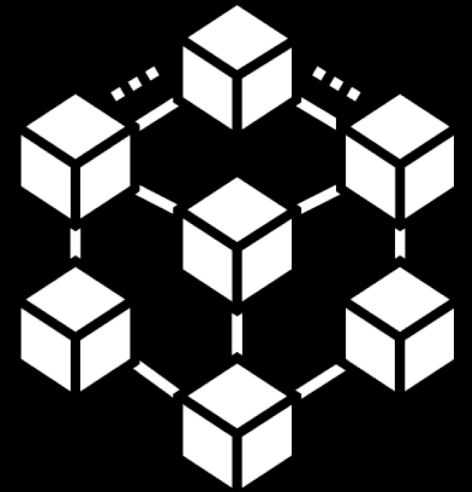


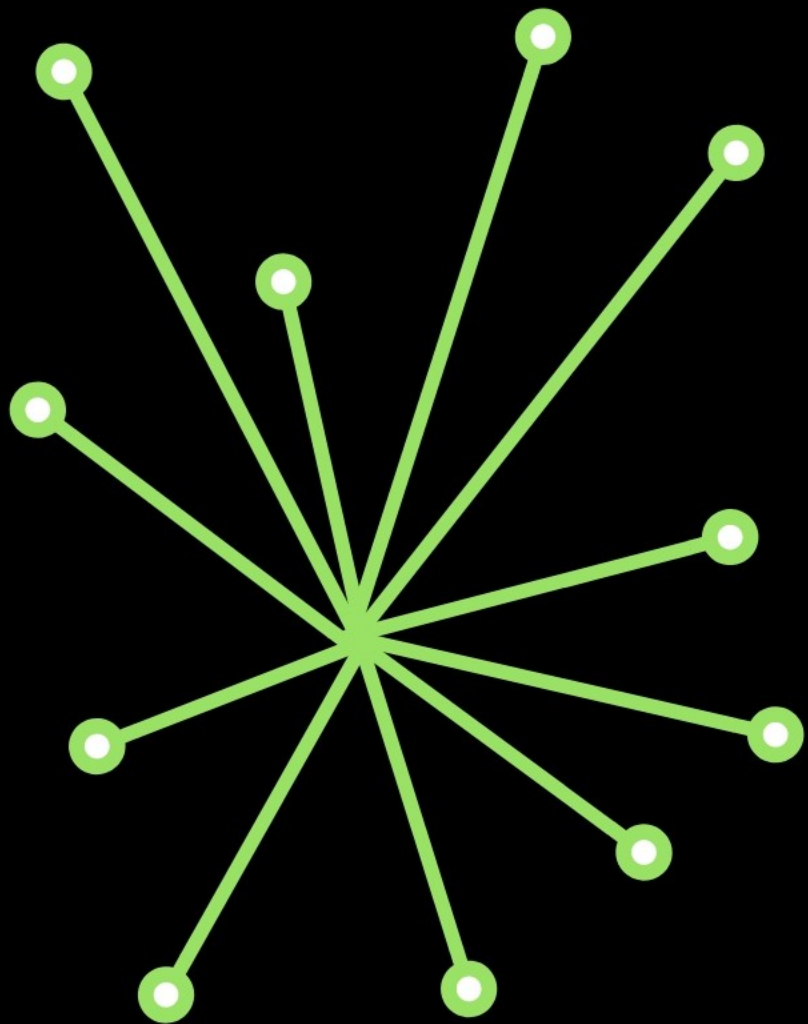
Blockchain

A time-stamped series of immutable records of data that is managed by cluster of computers not owned by any single entity.

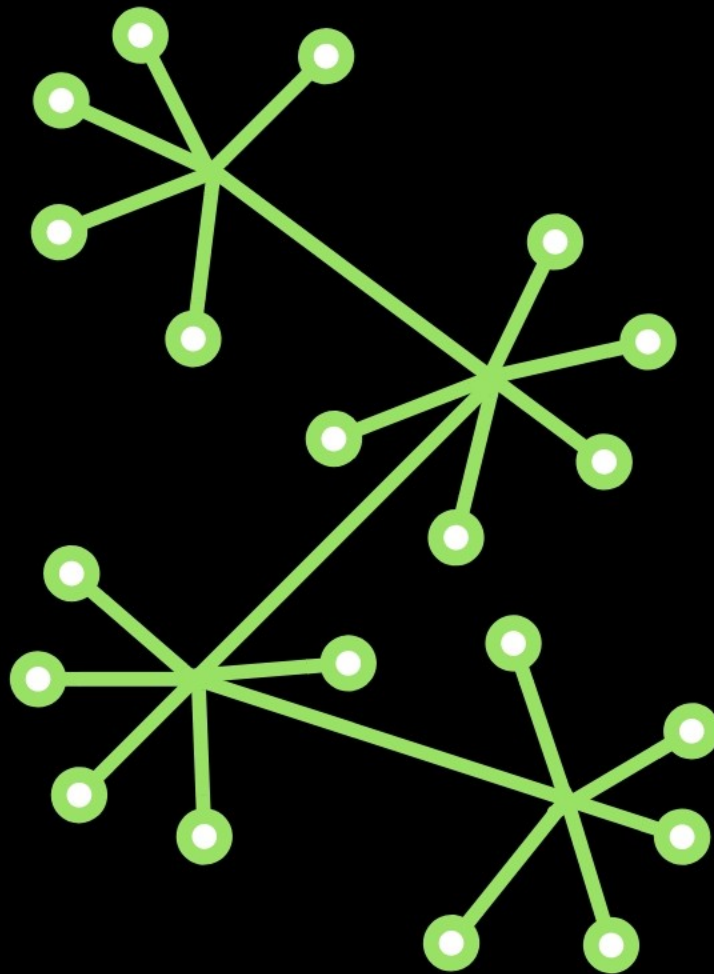
What is Blockchain?

- “Open, distributed ledger that can record transactions between two parties efficiently and in a verifiable and permanent way.”
 - Open
 - Distributed
 - Ledger
 - P2P
 - Permanent
- *2009 White Paper by Satoshi Nakamoto*

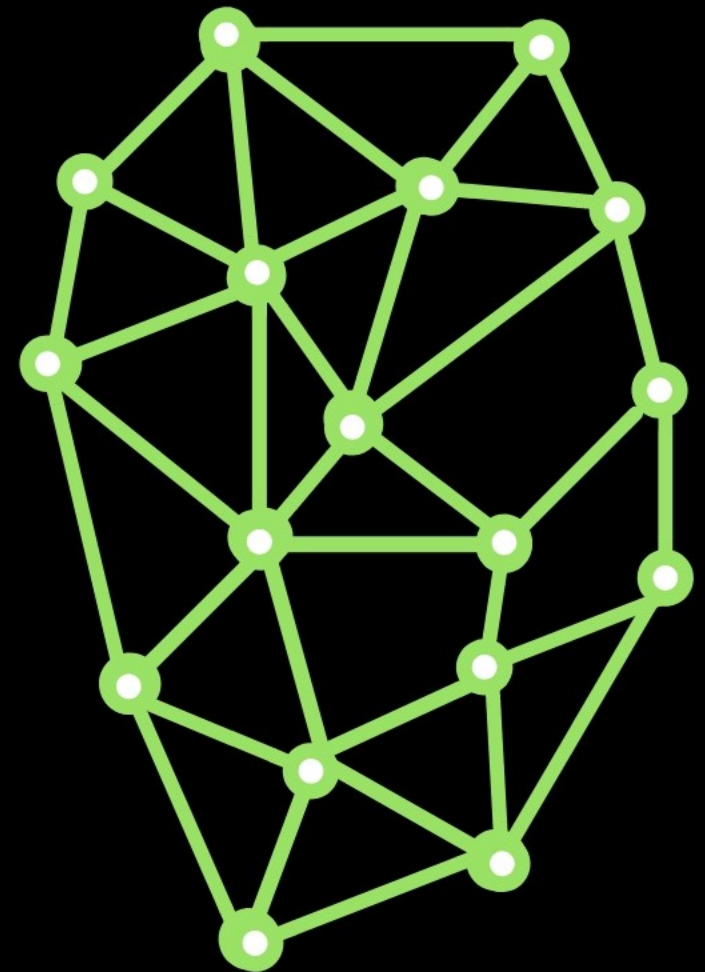




Centralized



Decentralized



Distributed

What does Blockchain do?

- Cryptocurrency
- Smart Contracts
- Decentralized Applications(DApp)

Cryptocurrency

- Bitcoin
- Litecoin
- Ethereum
- Zcash
- Ripple
- Bitcoin Cash



Bitcoin



Ethereum



Bitcoin Cash



Ripple



Litecoin



Ardor



Monero



Ethereum Classic



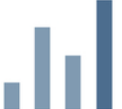
NEO



OmiseGO



Hshare



Ionomi



Qtum



Stratis



Tether



Zcash



Ark



Nexus



MaidSafeCoin



Bytecoin



Basic Attention Token



Dash



Golem



BitShares



EOS



Decred



Stellar Lumens



BitConnect



Augur



TenX



IOTA



NEM



Komodo



Waves



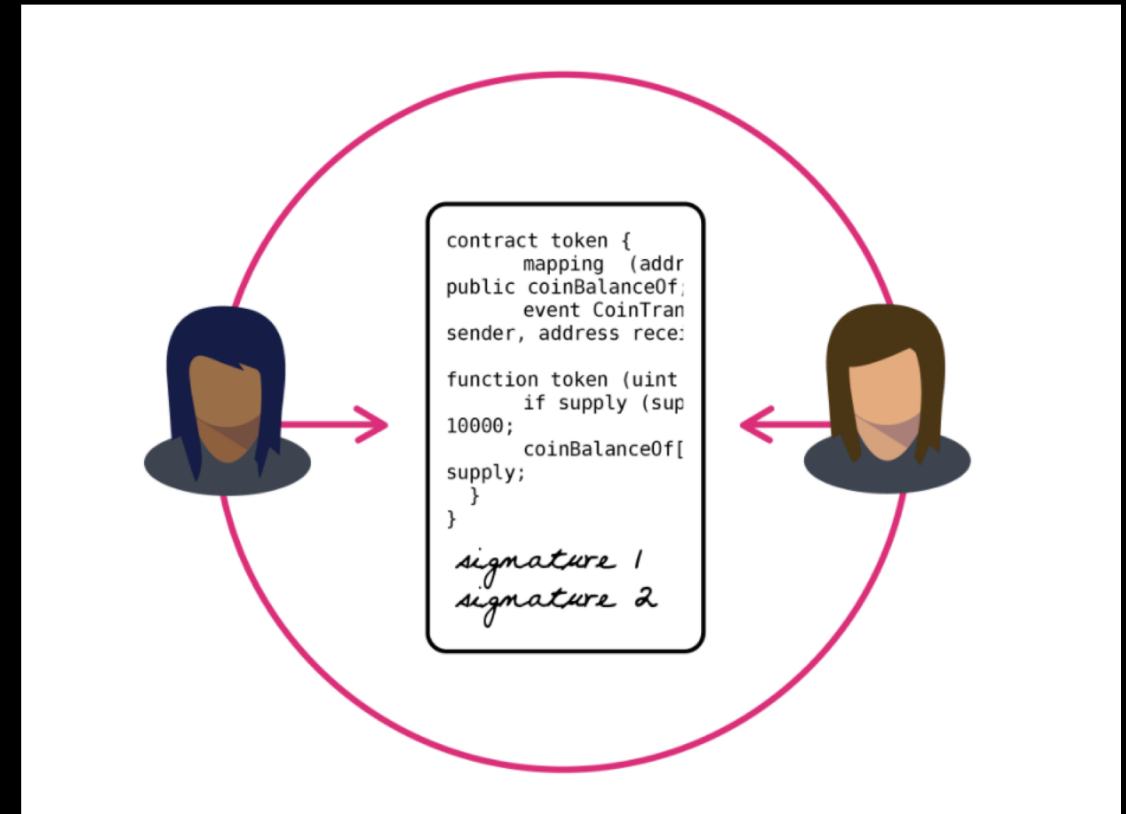
Steem



PIVX

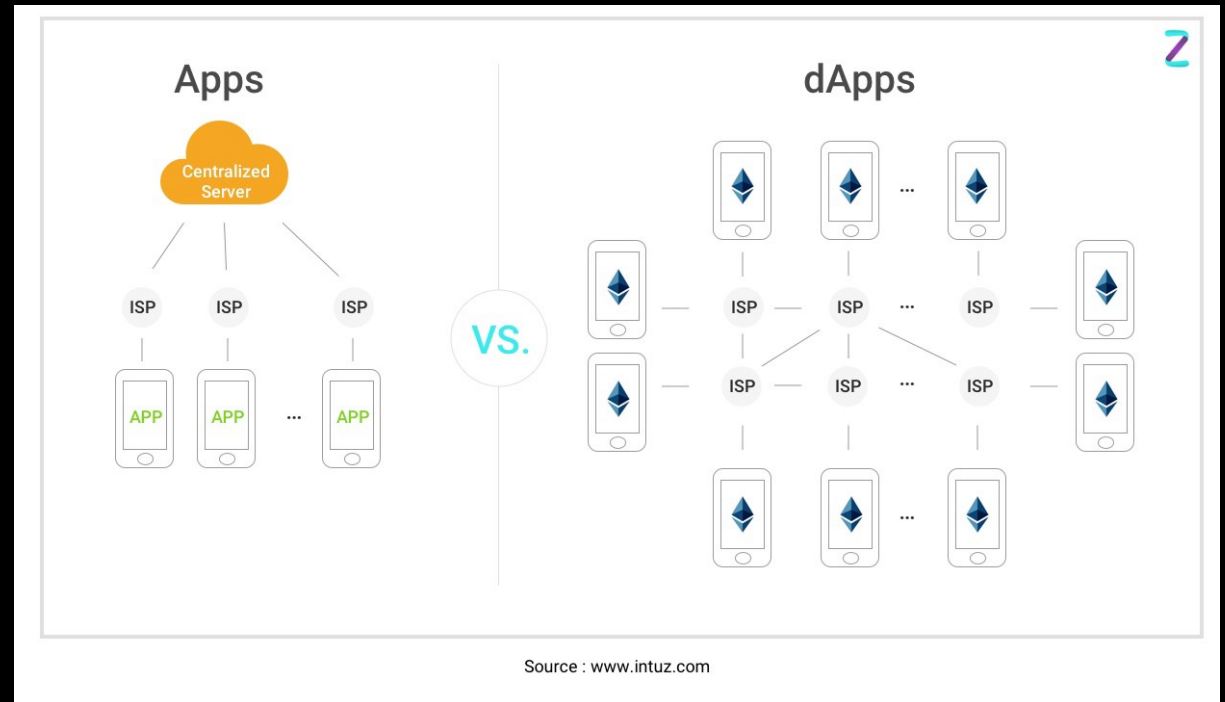
Smart Contracts

- Coded version of *If-Then* situation that gets uploaded on the network.
- After executing all the contracts, it gets automatically updated on the ledger.
- Use cases: Stock Trading, Supply Chain Management, Real Estate Market, Voting, Healthcare Services, IoT, and more...
- DAO (Decentralized Autonomous Organization)
 - Terra0 – automated resilience systems for ecosystems



Decentralized Applications

- Golem
- Augur
- Steemit
- CryptoKitties



- www.stateofthedapps.com

Vox



Current Issues

- Environmental Cost
- Lack of regulation
- Complex
- Slow (Specifically for small transactions)
- The established financial industry has a vested interest in it failing

CRYPTO MINING — PER YEAR



114 countries



~100,000 miners



\$4.1 bln — miners revenue

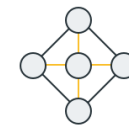


~\$2 bln — GPU cards producers' profit

~\$3 bln — big ASIC miners manufacturers' profit



0.13% of all the electricity consumed



9,965 nodes

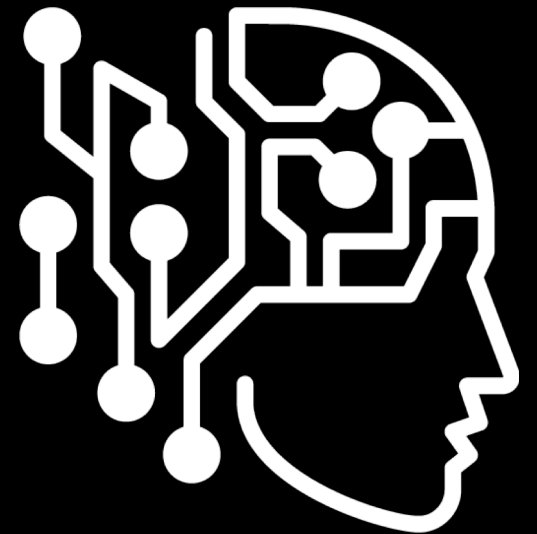


Artificial Intelligence

A machine completing the tasks which involve a certain degree of intelligence which was previously deemed only to be done by humans.

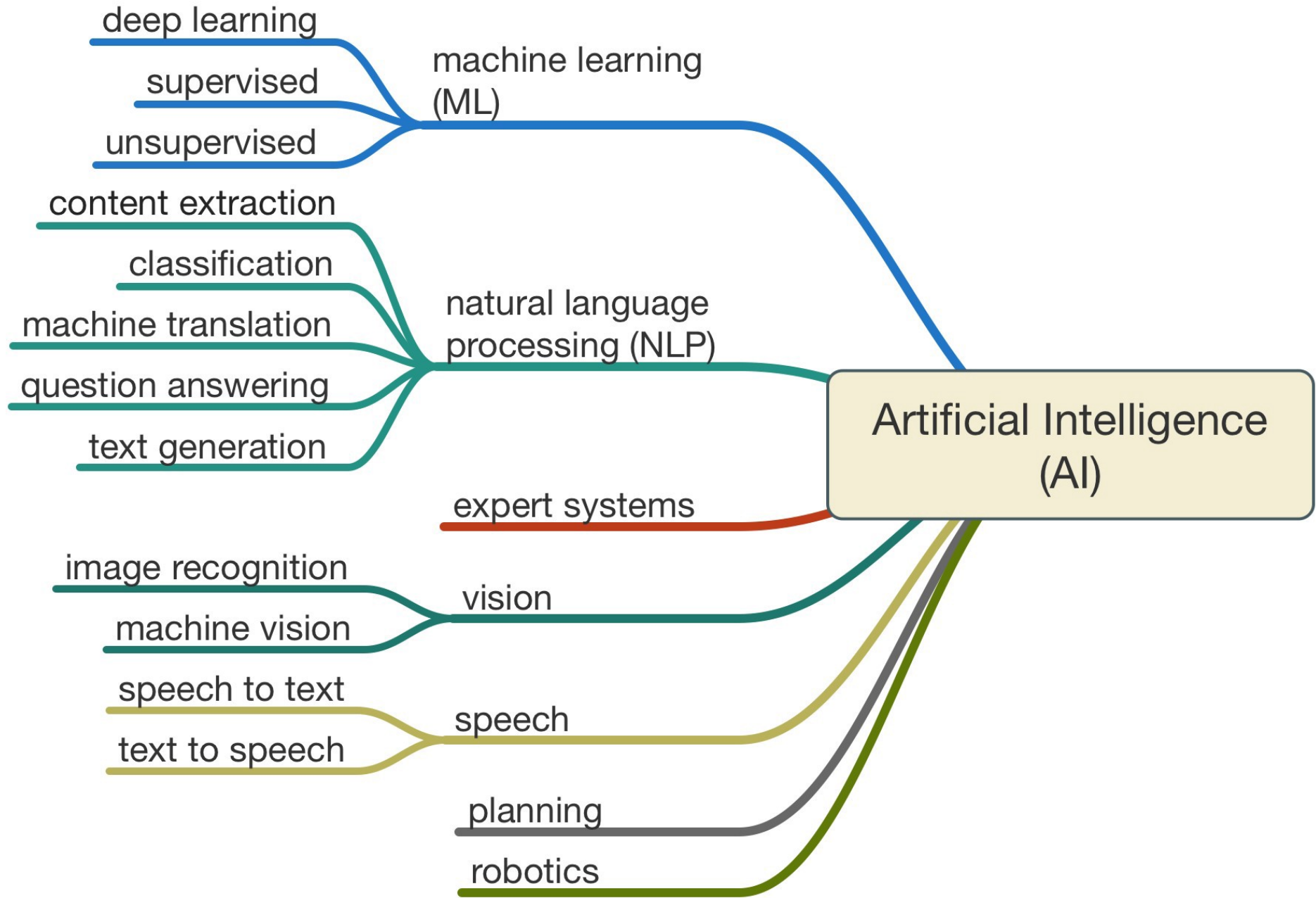
Types of A.I.

- Reactive Machines
 - Limited Memory
 - Theory of Mind
 - Self-Awareness
-
- Artificial Narrow Intelligence (ANI)
 - Artificial General Intelligence (AGI)
 - Artificial Superintelligence (ASI)



Current Applications

- Machine Learning
- Natural Language Processing
- Vision
- Robotics
- Autonomous Vehicles



Machine Learning

- Target (Goal)
- Steps to Reach (Learned)
- Training (Gaining Experience)

- Much like the way a child learns to identify and classify objects

- Examples include: image recognition, medical diagnosis, structured data extraction

Natural Language Processing

- Automatic manipulation of natural language
- Based on syntax and semantics
- The ultimate objective is to read, decipher, understand, and make sense of the human languages in a manner that is valuable
- Examples include: spell check, autocomplete, voice text messaging, and sentiment analysis

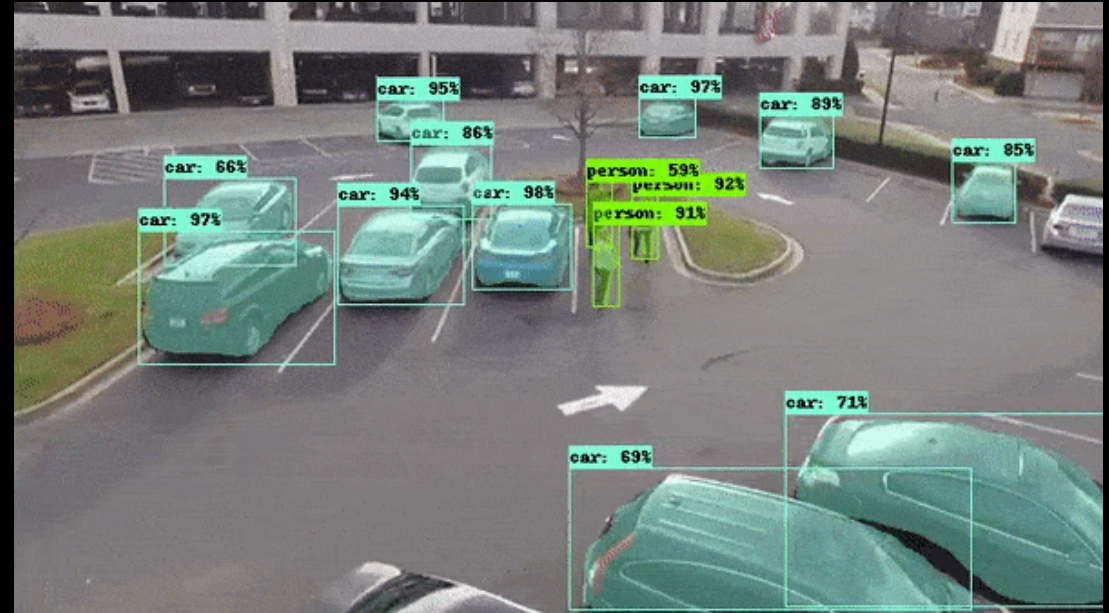
Alexa, Ask Daily Horoscopes about Taurus

The diagram illustrates the structure of the utterance "Alexa, Ask Daily Horoscopes about Taurus". It is divided into four parts by brackets:

- wake word**: "Alexa,"
- launch**: "Ask"
- Invocation name**: "Daily Horoscopes"
- utterance**: "about Taurus"

Computer Vision

- Uses camera to see and machine learning to analyze different components of visual information
 - Pattern recognition
 - Not bound by human limitations
-
- Examples include: assisted cruise control, facial recognition, real-time sports tracking



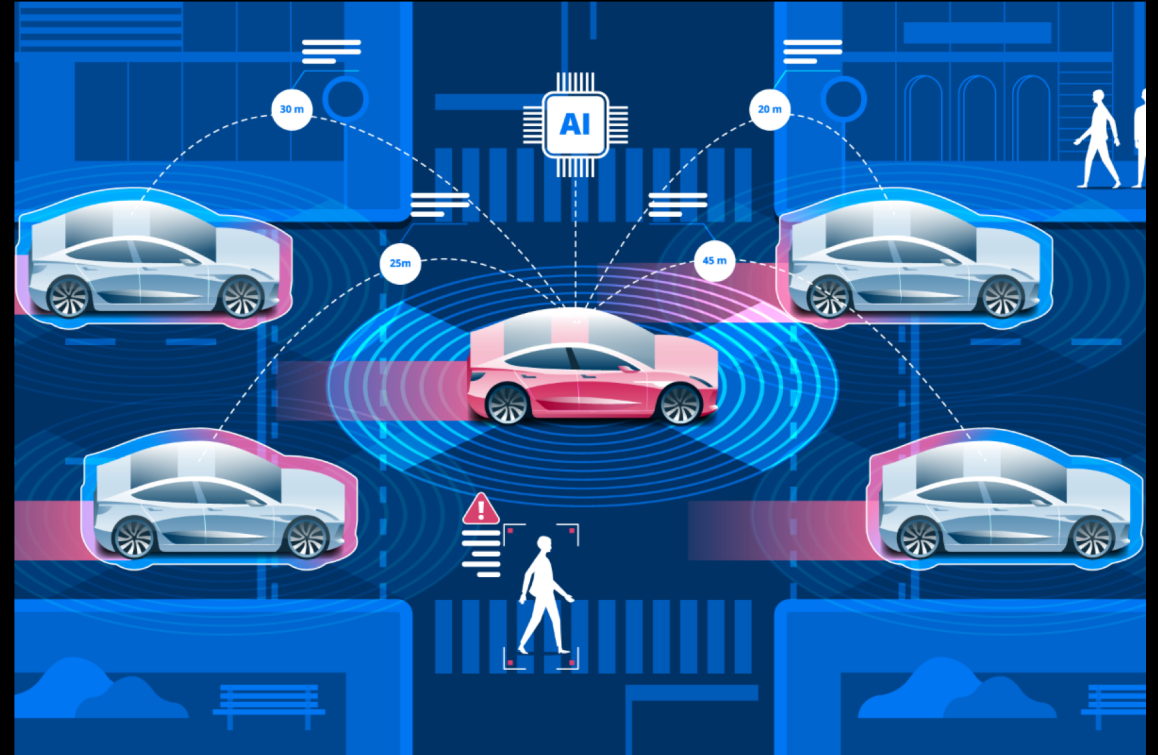
Robotics

- Used to perform tasks that are difficult to perform or perform consistently
- Examples include: Roomba, Boston Dynamics Spot, assembly lines, social humanoid robots (Sophia)



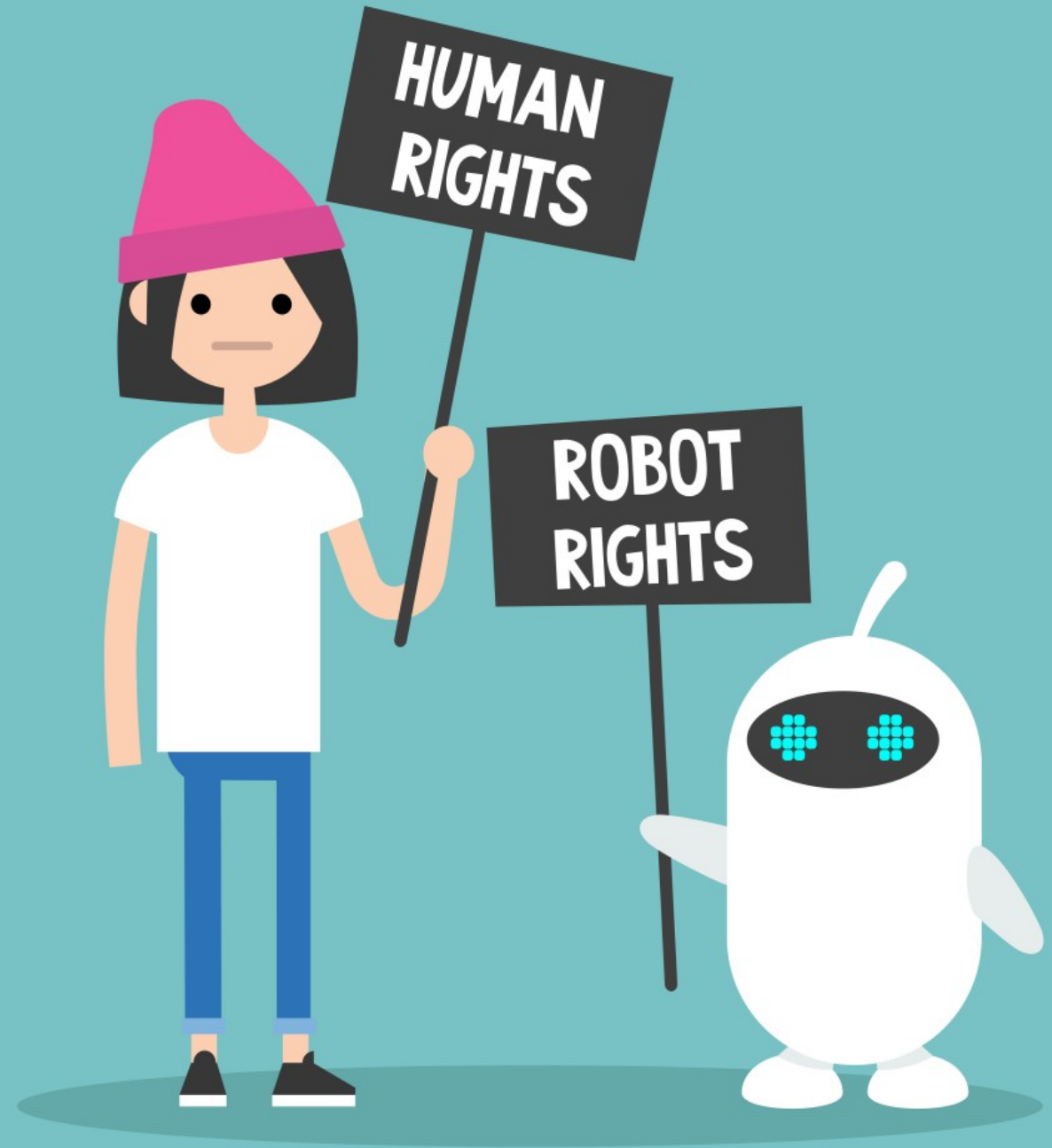
Autonomous Vehicles

- A vehicle that can guide itself without human conduction
- It's not just for cars
- The idea has been talked about since the 1930s
- The Trolley Problem
- Examples include: passenger vehicles, transportation vehicles, trains, ships



Current Issues

- Artificial stupidity
- Racist robots/software
- Security
- Robot rights
- Potential for unemployment
- Singularity



Questions...

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